



First Aid Policy

Updated: 12-16
Prepared by: JH

Next Review: 12-17
Approved by: SCC

This Policy applies throughout the School from the EYFS to Year 6.

Aim

To set out clearly the principles and procedures for first aid at the School.

Status

The Governors and Head accept their responsibility under the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981 and acknowledge the importance of providing first aid for employees, pupils and visitors within the School and on School-related trips and activities.

The Governors are committed to this procedure for reporting accidents and recognise their statutory duty to comply with the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013 (RIDDOR).

First aid organisation

The School's arrangements for carrying out the Policy include the following key principles:

- Governors' duty to approve, implement and review this Policy
- Individual responsibility on all employees
- Duty to report, record and, where appropriate, investigate all accidents
- Recording of significant occasions where first aid is administered to employees, pupils and visitors
- Provision of equipment and materials to carry out first aid treatment
- Arrangements to provide training for employees and to maintain a record of that training, reviewable annually.
- Establishment of a procedure for managing accidents in School which require first aid treatment
- Provision of information to employees on the arrangements for first aid
- Undertaking a risk assessment of the first aid requirements of the School

Medical room

In compliance with The Education (School Premises) Regulations 1999, the Governors will ensure that a room will be made available for medical treatment. This facility contains the following and is readily available for use:

- Sink with running hot and cold water
- Drinking water and disposable cups

- Paper towels
- Smooth-topped work surfaces
- Range of first aid equipment and proper storage (secure, where appropriate)
- Chairs
- Low bed, blankets and pillows
- Soap
- Clean protective garments for first aiders
- Suitable refuse container (foot operated) lined with appropriate bag
- Appropriate record keeping systems and facilities
- Telephone

The School's medical room is located next to the School Office

Practical first aid Arrangements

First aid boxes in the School are located as follows:

Kitchen, School Office, Main Building corridor, St Mary's, EYFS, Science room, each class room, After School Care and with the Head of PE.

In addition, there are travel kits for trips and matches. The contents of these boxes vary according to location and are checked on a regular basis by the Principal First Aider who retains a log of the contents of each box/kit.

Staff attending an accident should use the nearest first aid box to access materials to deal with the accident, if possible. The nearest box to the playground is in the Main Building corridor. If the teacher requires assistance, they should send the accompanied pupil to the School Office for attention from the Principal First Aider or send a pupil to request that she comes to the scene of the accident. If the contents of the boxes become depleted, staff should inform the Principal First Aider.

Reporting to parents

If a pupil receives more than a minor cut or graze the accident should be reported to the parents. Staff should, therefore, report all accidents to a pupil's class teacher so that parents/carers may be informed at pick-up time. More serious accidents are reported to parents from the School Office.

Bumps to the head suffered by EYFS pupils must always be reported to parents who should be given the choice whether or not to collect them from School.

Pupils who begin to feel ill during the school day should be sent to the School Office if unable to participate in class activities. The Principal First Aider will look after them and decide whether or not parents need to be informed or be asked to collect them from School.

Transport to hospital or home

The Principal First Aider will determine the sensible and reasonable action to take depending on the circumstances of each case.

Where the injury is an emergency an ambulance will be called, following which the parents will be called.

Where hospital treatment is required but is not an emergency, the Principal First Aider will contact the parents in order for them to take over responsibility for the pupil.

Duties of staff

The School is required to maintain a record of injuries and accidents to employees and pupils. These records are to be retained in the School Office for a minimum of three years. The School should not retain copies for longer than necessary in order to comply with the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998, except that, as required by the Independent Inquiry into Child Sexual Abuse, the School will retain copies for the duration of the Inquiry.

All accidents and dangerous occurrences, however minor, arising out of or in connection with work and School activities must be reported to the Health and Safety Co-ordinator or through the Principal First Aider. The requirement applies to accidents involving staff, pupils, parents, contractors, visitors and members of the public. It applies to accidents and incidents that occur on and off site when a School activity is involved. A regular report is to be made to the Health and Safety Committee by the Bursar.

Accident/incident report forms produced by The Health and Safety Executive (HSE) are used. Action required by staff of Years 1 to 6 pupils is as follows:

- The person reporting the accident/incident completes the relevant parts of the form and submits it to the Principal First Aider who may initiate reports. Written notification should be made as soon as possible after the event and no later than the next working day
- Near incidents/accidents are reported in the same way
- The Principal First Aider maintains a central log of all accident report forms
- The Principal First Aider considers the report and decides on any further action required before filing the form for retention in the folder of accident records held in the School Office
- Another copy is placed in the pupil's individual file
- Serious accidents/incidents should be reported verbally as quickly as possible. Action required by EYFS staff is similar. All but records of their most serious accidents are kept in EYFS

Hygiene procedures for disposal of body fluids (clinical waste management)

The legal definition of clinical waste is given in the Controlled Waste Regulations 2012:

“clinical waste” means waste from a healthcare activity (including veterinary healthcare) that (a) contains viable micro-organisms or their toxins which are known or reliably believed to cause disease in humans or other living organisms, (b) contains or is contaminated with a medicine that contains a biologically active pharmaceutical agent, or (c) is a sharp, or a body fluid or other biological material (including human and animal tissue) containing or contaminated with a dangerous substance within the meaning of Council Directive [67/548/EEC](#) on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating

to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances, and waste of a similar nature from a non-healthcare activity;”

The safe disposal of clinical waste is a shared responsibility of the Principal First Aider and the Site Manager. Approved yellow bags must be used for the temporary storage of such waste in clearly defined and safe areas prior to removal from the School by an authorised contractor.

Responsibilities

All members of the School staff receive basic, 1 day, first aid training every three years. There are several members of staff who have additional 3 or 4 day training and at least one of these is always present on the premises when pupils are present. EYFS staff receive paediatric first aid training and one at least of these is always present in School with pupils and also accompanies their outings.

The Head and the Bursar appoint the Principal First Aider and the relevant sections of her job description are detailed below.

In general, the Principal First Aider will:

- Take charge when someone becomes injured or ill
- Look after the first aid equipment, including restocking when required
- Check all first aid materials are within their ‘use by’ date
- Ensure that an ambulance or other further professional medical help is summoned when appropriate
- Oversee records of all first aid incidents at the School
- Manage records of first aid training

In order to provide first aid for pupils and visitors, the Health and Safety Co-ordinator will undertake a risk assessment to determine, in addition to the Principal First Aider, the number and relevant training of first aiders required. In implementing the outcome of the risk assessment, the Governors acknowledge that, unless first aid support is part of a member of staff’s contract of employment, those who agree to become first aiders do so voluntarily.

Administration of first aid and medicines to pupils

The School acknowledges that pupils may require medication during the school day as part of either long-term management of a health condition or during a short period of illness/injury.

The School will administer medication provided that the parent(s) of the pupil adheres to the following safety guidelines:

- The School will administer medication in School provided a letter giving written permission and with full instructions regarding frequency and dosage etc., has been received
- Medication must be received by the School in the original, intact container or packaging. The pharmacy label should be clear and not obstructed in any way

- Medication should be brought to School by a responsible person. This person will, if possible, be the parent. A written letter giving all information contained on the Administration of Medication to Pupils form must also accompany the medication

In the case of EYFS children, all medication must be handed in by an adult to an adult. We will only administer non-prescribed medicine if the specific matter has been discussed by the parent with the Principal First Aider in advance and she has agreed to its administration.

Information on first aid arrangements

The Health and Safety Co-ordinator will inform all employees at the School of the following:

- The arrangements for reporting and recording accidents
- The arrangements for first aid
- Those employees with first aid qualifications
- The location of first aid boxes

In addition, the Health and Safety Co-ordinator will ensure that signs are displayed throughout the School providing the following information:

- Those employees with first aid qualifications
- The location of first aid boxes

Reporting

The Governors are aware of their statutory duty under The Reporting of Injuries Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013 (RIDDOR) in respect of reporting the following to the HSE as it applies to employees:

1) The death of any person

All deaths to workers and non-workers, with the exception of suicides, must be reported if they arise from a work-related accident, including an act of physical violence to a worker.

2) Specified injuries to workers

- Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
- Amputations
- Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
- Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
- Serious burns (including scalding) which:
 - covers more than 10% of the body
 - causes significant damage to the eyes, respiratory system or other vital organs
- Any scalding requiring hospital treatment
- Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
- Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which:
 - leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness
 - requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours

3) Over-seven-day incapacitation of a worker

Accidents must be reported where they result in an employee or self-employed person being away from work, or unable to perform their normal work duties, for more than seven consecutive days as the result of their injury. This seven day period does not include the day of the accident, but does include weekends and rest days. The report must be made within 15 days of the accident.

4) Over-three-day incapacitation

Accidents must be recorded, but not reported, where they result in a worker being incapacitated for more than three consecutive days. As we are an employer, who must keep an accident book under the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1987, that record will be enough.

5) Non-fatal accidents to non-workers (e.g. members of the public)

Accidents to members of the public or others who are not at work must be reported if they result in an injury and the person is taken directly from the scene of the accident to hospital for treatment to that injury. Examinations and diagnostic tests do not constitute 'treatment' in such circumstances.

There is no need to report incidents where people are taken to hospital purely as a precaution when no injury is apparent.

Detailed information on RIDDOR reporting requirements can be found here:

<http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/reportable-incidents.htm>

The Bursar or, in her absence, her assistant (after checking with the Head), is responsible for notifying the HSE in applicable cases.

All incidents can be reported online but a telephone service is also provided for reporting fatal and specified injuries only - call the Incident Contact Centre on 0345 300 9923 (opening hours Monday to Friday 8.30 am to 5 pm). For out-of-hours incidents involving work-related death, serious incident causing multiple casualties or major disruption, ring the duty officer on 0151 922 9235.

Where an employee, pupil or visitor has been injured or becomes ill as a result of a notifiable accident or dangerous occurrence which is a cause of death within one year of the date of that accident the HSE must be informed in writing as soon as this is known.

It is also a statutory duty to keep a record following enquiries from the Department for Work and Pensions concerning claims for any of the prescribed industrial illnesses.

Principal First Aider: Frances Jones

Record of first aid training		Date of training	Renewal due date
Paediatric first aid			
Isobel Boyt	Head of EYFS	Nov 2010	N/A
Jenny Ball	Reception	Feb 2015	Feb 2018
Louise Elliott	Year 2	Oct 2016	Oct 2019
Josie Hodgson	Reception	Oct 2016	Oct 2019
Zahra Rasool	Nursery	Dec 2015	Dec 2018
Graciela Rush	Reception	Feb 2015	Feb 2018
Sharareh Saraei	General	Jan 2015	Jan 2018
Advanced first aid			
Frances Jones, Principal First Aider	School Office	Oct 2015	Oct 2018
Sarah Craven	Head of Science	May 2016	May 2019
Edyta Maskiewicz	Head of PE	Oct 2015	Oct 2018
Jasmine Walton	School Office	April 2014	April 2017

First aid training

All staff receive basic first aid training every three years. The Principal First Aider and additional first aiders receive advanced training every three years.

Arrangements for pupils with particular medical conditions

Parents are required to give details in writing and discuss with the School Office staff any long term health care needs, for example asthma, allergies, epilepsy and diabetes. This will ensure that the School has the necessary medication and that the appropriate information is recorded and held on record.

Staff are given lists of pupils with medical conditions who they are likely to work or come into contact with. The kitchen staff have details of children with allergies attached to their photographs.

- Pupils suffering with asthma are required to have an in date inhaler/reliever in School
- Pupils suffering with allergies who have been prescribed epi-pens are required to have an in date epi-pens plus Piriton in School

Communicable Diseases

The School Office should be informed immediately by parents if a child has been diagnosed with a communicable disease such as chicken pox or measles.

The School will then inform any parents of children who may have been in contact with this child.

The School keeps abreast of HSE guidance on specific infections, epidemics and pandemics.

Return to School after illness

If a child is ill the child should remain away from School until able to fully participate in the school day. In particular if a child has had diarrhoea or vomiting within the last 24 hours the child must be clear of this for a 24 hour period before returning to School. If a child has had a higher than normal temperature, this must register within the normal range for a 24 hour period before the child returns to School. It may be advisable to avoid swimming for a longer period.

Review of First Aid Policy

The Health and Safety Committee and staff will review the First Aid Policy on an annual basis and make recommendation, where appropriate, to the Governors for changes to the Policy.

Reference

Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981:

Health and Safety at Work Act 1974

The Education (School Premises) Regulations 1999:

The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013 (RIDDOR):

The Controlled Waste Regulations 2012:

Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1987:

Social Security Administration Act 1992

Data Protection Act 1998

Public Health England: *Guidance on Infection control in schools and other childcare settings* (2014):

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/522337/Guidance_on_infection_control_in_schools.pdf

Department for Education (DfE) *Advice on standards for school premises* (2015):

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/410294/Advice_on_standards_for_school_premises.pdf

DfE *Guidance on First Aid for schools*:

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/306370/guidance_on_first_aid_for_schools.pdf

MOSA Guidelines: <http://www.mosa.org.uk/mosa-guidelines.asp>

Linked Policies

- Data Protection Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Outings Policy
- Physical Restraint Policy
- Risk Assessment Policy
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Supervision of Pupils Policy